THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

(See Section 3.)

FIRST DIVISION: SUITS.

Description of suit	Period of limitation	Time from which period begins to run
	Part II.—*Ninety days.*	
2.—For compensation for doing or for omitting to do an act alleged to be in pursuance of any enactment in force for the time being in Mysore.	Ninety days.	When the act or omission takes place.
	Part III.—*Six months.*	
3.—Under the Specific Relief Act, 1877, Section 9, to recover possession of immovable property.	Six months.	When the dispossession occurs.
5.—Under the summary procedure referred to in Section 128 (2) (*f*) of the Code of Civil Procedure.	Ditto ...	When the debt or liquidated demand becomes payable or when the property becomes recoverable.
	Part IV.—*One year.*	
6.—Upon a Statute, Act, Regulation or Bye-law, for a penalty or forfeiture.	One year ...	When the penalty or forfeiture is incurred.
7.—For the wages of a household servant, artisan or labourer.	Ditto ...	When the wages accrue due.
8.—For the price of food or drink sold by the keeper of a hotel, tavern or lodging house.	Ditto ...	When the food or drink is delivered.
9.—For the price of lodging.	Ditto ...	When the price becomes payable.
10.—To enforce a right of pre-emption, whether the right is founded on law, or general usage, or on special contract.	Ditto ...	When the purchaser takes, under the sale sought to be impeached, physical possession of the whole of the property sold, or, where the subject of the sale does not admit of physical possession, when the instrument of sale is registered.
11.—By a person, against whom an order has been made under the Code of Civil Procedure after an investigation of a claim preferred to, or an objection made to the attachment of, property attached in execution of a decree, to establish the right which he claims to the property comprised in the order.	Ditto ...	The date of the order.
11 A.—By a person against whom an order has been made under the Code of Civil Procedure, upon an application by the holder of a decree for the possession of immovable property or by the purchaser of such property sold in execution of a decree, complaining of	Ditto ...	Ditto

THE FIRST SCHEDULE—*contd.*

First Division: Suits.

Description of suit	Period of limitation	Time from which period begins to run
	Part IV.—*One year*—contd.	
resistance or obstruction to the delivery of possession thereof, or upon an application by any person dispossessed of such property in the delivery of possession thereof to the decree-holder or purchaser, to establish the right which he claims to the present possession of the property comprised in the order.		
12.—To set aside any of the following sales:— (*a*) sale in execution of a decree of a Civil Court; (*b*) sale in pursuance of a decree or order of a Deputy Commissioner or other officer of revenue; (*c*) sale for arrears of Government revenue, or for any demand recoverable as such arrears.	One year ...	When the sale is confirmed, or would otherwise have become final and conclusive had no such suit been brought.
13.—To alter or set aside a decision or order of a Civil Court in any proceeding other than a suit.	Ditto ...	The date of the final decision or order in the case by a Court competent to determine it finally.
14.—To set aside any act or order of an officer of Government in his official capacity, not herein otherwise expressly provided for.	Ditto ...	The date of the act or order.
16.—Against Government under Section 222 (*a*) of the Mysore Land Revenue Code.	Ditto ...	When the claim or payment is made.
17.—Against Government for compensation for land acquired for public purposes.	Ditto ...	The date of determining the amount of the compensation.
18.—Like suit for compensation when the acquisition is not completed.	Ditto ...	The date of the refusal to complete.
19.—For compensation for false imprisonment.	Ditto ...	When the imprisonment ends.
20.—By executors, administrators or representatives under any law for the time being in force enabling executors, administrators or representatives to sue and be sued for wrongs done to a person deceased.	Ditto ...	The date of the death of the person wronged.
21.—By executors, administrators or representatives under Regulation II of 1892 to provide compensation to families for loss occasioned by the death of a person caused by actionable wrong.	Ditto ...	The date of the death of the person killed.
22.—For compensation for any other injury to the person.	Ditto ...	When the injury is committed.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE—*contd.*

First Division : Suits.

Description of suit	Period of limitation	Time from which period begins to run
	Part VI.—*Three years*—contd.	
43.—Under the Indian Succession Act, 1865, Section 320 or Section 321, to compel a refund by a person to whom an executor or administrator has paid a legacy or distributed assets.	Three years.	The date of the payment or distribution.
44.—By a ward who has attained majority, to set aside a transfer of property by his guardian.	Ditto ...	When the ward attains majority.
47.—By any person bound by an order respecting the possession of immovable property made under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904, or the Mysore Land Revenue Code, 1888, or by any one claiming under such person, to recover the property comprised in such order.	Ditto ...	The date of the final order in the case.
48.—For specific movable property lost, or acquired by theft or dishonest misappropriation or conversion, or for compensation for wrongfully taking or detaining the same.	Ditto ...	When the person having the right to the possession of the property first learns in whose possession it is.
49.—For other specific movable property or for compensation for wrongfully taking or injuring or wrongfully detaining the same.	Ditto ...	When the property is wrongfully taken or injured, or when the detainer's possession becomes unlawful.
50.—For the hire of animals, vehicles, boats or house-	Ditto ...	When the hire becomes payable.
ney of	Ditto ...	When the goods ought to be delivered.
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		f credit ex-

THE FIRST SCHEDULE —*contd.*

First Division: Suits.

Description of suit	Period of limitation	Time from which period begins to run
	Part IV.—*One year*—concld.	
23.—For compensation for a malicious prosecution.	One year ...	When the plaintiff is acquitted, or the prosecution is otherwise terminated.
24.—For compensation for libel ...	Ditto ...	When the libel is published.
25.—For compensation for slander.	Ditto ...	When the words are spoken, or, if the words are not actionable in themselves, when the special damage complained of results.
26.—For compensation for loss of service occasioned by the seduction of the plaintiff's servant or daughter.	Ditto ...	When the loss occurs.
27.—For compensation for inducing a person to break a contract with the plaintiff.	Ditto ...	The date of the breach.
28.—For compensation for an illegal, irregular or excessive distress.	Ditto ...	The date of the distress.
29.—For compensation for wrongful seizure of movable property under legal process.	Ditto ...	The date of the seizure.
30.—Against a carrier for compensation for losing or injuring goods.	Ditto ...	When the loss or injury occurs.
31.—Against a carrier for compensation for non-delivery of, or delay in delivering, goods.	Ditto ...	When the goods ought to be delivered.
	Part V.—*Two years.*	
32.—Against one who, having a right to use property for specific purposes, perverts it to other purposes.	Two years.	When the perversion first becomes known to the person injured thereby.
33.—Against an executor, administrator or other representative of a deceased person, for wrongs done by such person	Ditto ...	When the wrong complained of
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THE FIRST SCHEDULE—*contd.*

First Division : Suits.

Description of suit	Period of limitation	Time from which period begins to run
	Part VI.—*Three years*—contd.	
43.—Under the Indian Succession Act, 1865, Section 320 or Section 321, to compel a refund by a person to whom an executor or administrator has paid a legacy or distributed assets.	Three years.	The date of the payment or distribution.
44.—By a ward who has attained majority, to set aside a transfer of property by his guardian.	Ditto ...	When the ward attains majority.
47.—By any person bound by an order respecting the possession of immovable property made under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904, or the Mysore Land Revenue Code, 1888, or by any one claiming under such person, to recover the property comprised in such order.	Ditto ...	The date of the final order in the case.
48.—For specific movable property lost, or acquired by theft or dishonest misappropriation or conversion, or for compensation for wrongfully taking or detaining the same.	Ditto ...	When the person having the right to the possession of the property first learns in whose possession it is.
49.—For other specific movable property or for compensation for wrongfully taking or injuring or wrongfully detaining the same.	Ditto ...	When the property is wrongfully taken or injured, or when the detainer's possession becomes unlawful.
50.—For the hire of animals, vehicles, boats or house-ire.	Ditto ...	When the hire becomes payable.
[illegible] of money	Ditto ...	When the goods ought to be delivered.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE—*contd.*

First Division: Suits.

Description of suit	Period of limitation	Time from which period begins to run
	Part VI.—*Three years*—contd.	
58.—Like suit when the lender has given a cheque for the money.	Three years	When the cheque is paid.
59.—For money lent under an agreement that it shall be payable on demand.	Ditto ...	When the loan is made.
60.—For money deposited under an agreement that it shall be payable on demand, including money of a customer in the hands of his banker so payable.	Ditto ...	When the demand is made.
61.—For money payable to the plaintiff for money paid for the defendant.	Ditto ...	When the money is paid.
62.—For money payable by the defendant to the plaintiff for money received by the defendant for the plaintiff's use.	Ditto ...	When the money is received.
63.—For money payable for interest upon money due from the defendant to the plaintiff.	Ditto ...	When the interest becomes due.
64.—For money payable to the plaintiff for money found to be due from the defendant to the plaintiff on accounts stated between them.	Ditto ...	When the accounts are stated in writing signed by the defendant or his agent duly authorized in this behalf, unless where the debt is, by a simultaneous agreement in writing signed as aforesaid, made payable at a future time, and then when that time arrives.
65.—For compensation for breach of a promise to do anything at a specified time, or upon the happening of a specified contingency.	Ditto ...	When the time specified arrives or the contingency happens.
66.—On a single bond, where a day is specified for payment.	Ditto ...	The day so specified.
67.—On a single bond, where no such day is specified.	Ditto ...	The date of executing the bond.
68.—On a bond subject to a condition.	Ditto ...	When the condition is broken.
69.—On a bill of exchange or promissory note payable at a fixed time after date.	Ditto ...	When the bill or note falls due.
70.—On a bill of exchange payable at sight, or after sight, but not at a fixed time.	Ditto ...	When the bill is presented.
71.—On a bill of exchange accepted payable at a particular place.	Ditto ...	When the bill is presented at that place.
72.—On a bill of exchange or promissory note payable at a fixed time after sight or after demand.	Ditto ...	When the fixed time expires.
73.—On a bill of exchange or promissory note payable on	Ditto ...	The date of the bill or note.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE—*contd.*

First Division: Suits.

Description of suit	Period of limitation	Time from which period begins to run
	Part VI—*Three years*—contd.	
demand and not accompanied by any writing restraining or postponing the right to sue.		
74.—On a promissory note or bond payable by instalments.	Three years.	The expiration of the first term of payment as to the part then payable; and for the other parts, the expiration of the respective terms of payment.
75.—On a promissory note or bond payable by instalments, which provides that, if default be made in payment of one or more instalments, the whole shall be due.	Ditto ...	When the default is made, unless where the payee or obligee waives the benefit of the provision, and then when fresh default is made in respect of which there is no such waiver.
76.—On a promissory note given by the maker to a third person to be delivered to the payee after a certain event should happen.	Ditto ...	The date of the delivery to the payee.
77.—On a dishonoured foreign bill, where protest has been made and notice given.	Ditto ...	When the notice is given.
78.—By the payee against the drawer of a bill of exchange, which has been dishonoured by non-acceptance.	Ditto ...	The date of the refusal to accept.
79.—By the acceptor of an accommodation bill against the drawer.	Ditto ...	When the acceptor pays the amount of the bill.
80.—Suit on a bill of exchange, promissory note or bond not herein expressly provided for.	Ditto ...	When the bill, note or bond becomes payable.
81.—By a surety against the principal debtor.	Ditto ...	When the surety pays the creditor.
82.—By a surety against a co-surety.	Ditto ...	When the surety pays anything in excess of his own share.
83.—Upon any other contract to indemnify.	Ditto ...	When the plaintiff is actually damnified.
84.—By an Advocate or Pleader for his costs of a suit or a particular business, there being no express agreement as to the time when such costs are to be paid.	Ditto ...	The date of the termination of the suit or business, or (where the Advocate or Pleader properly discontinues the suit or business) the date of such discontinuance.
85.—For the balance due on a mutual, open and current account, where there have been reciprocal demands between the parties.	Ditto ...	The close of the year in which the last item admitted or proved is entered in the account; such year to be computed as in the account.
86.—On a policy of insurance, when the sum assured is payable immediately after proof of the death or loss has been given to or received by the insurers.	Ditto ...	When proof of the death or loss is given or received to or by the insurer, whether by or from the plaintiff, or any other person.
87.—By the assured to recover premia paid under a policy voidable at the election of the insurers.	Ditto ...	When the insurers elect to avoid the policy.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE—*contd.*

First Division: Suits.

Description of suit	Period of limitation	Time from which period begins to run
	Part VI—*Three years*—contd.	
88.—Against a factor for an account.	Three years.	When the account is, during the continuance of the agency, demanded and refused or, where no such demand is made, when the agency terminates.
89.—By a principal against his agent for movable property received by the latter and not accounted for.	Ditto ...	Ditto ditto ditto
90.—Other suits by principals against agents for neglect or misconduct.	Ditto ...	When the neglect or misconduct becomes known to the plaintiff.
91.—To cancel or set aside an instrument not otherwise provided for.	Ditto ...	When the facts entitling the plaintiff to have the instrument cancelled or set aside become known to him.
92.—To declare the forgery of an instrument issued or registered.	Ditto ...	When the issue or registration becomes known to the plaintiff.
93.—To declare the forgery of an instrument attempted to be enforced against the plaintiff.	Ditto ...	The date of the attempt.
94.—For property which the plaintiff has conveyed while insane.	Ditto ...	When the plaintiff is restored to sanity, and has knowledge of the conveyance.
95.—To set aside a decree obtained by fraud, or for other relief on the ground of fraud.	Ditto ...	When the fraud becomes known to the party wronged.
96.—For relief on the ground of mistake.	Ditto ...	When the mistake becomes known to the plaintiff.
97.—For money paid upon an existing consideration which afterwards fails.	Ditto ...	The date of the failure.
98.—To make good out of the general estate of a deceased trustee the loss occasioned by a breach of trust.	Ditto ...	The date of the trustee's death, or, if the loss has not then resulted, the date of the loss.
99.—For contribution by a party who has paid the whole or more than his share of the amount due under a joint decree, or by a sharer in a joint estate who has paid the whole or more than his share of the amount of revenue due from himself and his co-sharers.	Ditto ...	The date of the payment in excess of the plaintiff's own share.
100.—By a co-trustee to enforce against the estate of a deceased trustee a claim for contribution.	Ditto ...	When the right to contribution accrues.
101.—For a seaman's wages.	Ditto ...	The end of the voyage during which the wages are earned.
102.—For wages not otherwise expressly provided for by this schedule.	Ditto ...	When the wages accrue due.
103.—By a Mahomedan for exigible dower (*mu'ajjal*).	Ditto ...	When the dower is demanded and refused or (where, during the continuance of the marriage, no such demand has been

THE FIRST SCHEDULE—*contd.*

First Division: Suits.

Description of suit	Period of limitation	Time from which period begins to run
	Part VI.—*Three years*—concld.	
		made) when the marriage is dissolved by death or divorce.
104.—By a Mahomedan for deferred dower (*mu'wajjal*).	Three years.	When the marriage is dissolved by death or divorce.
105.—By a mortgagor after the mortgage has been satisfied, to recover surplus collections received by the mortgagee.	Ditto ...	When the mortgagor re-enters on the mortgaged property.
106.—For an account and a share of the profits of a dissolved partnership.	Ditto ...	The date of the dissolution.
107.—By the manager of a joint estate of an undivided family for contribution, in respect of a payment made by him on account of the estate.	Ditto ...	The date of the payment.
108.—By a lessor for the value of trees cut down by his lessee contrary to the terms of the lease.	Ditto ...	When the trees are cut down.
109.—For the profits of immovable property belonging to the plaintiff which have been wrongfully received by the defendant.	Ditto ...	When the profits are received.
110.—For arrears of rent ...	Ditto ...	When the arrears become due.
111.—By a vendor of immovable property to enforce personal liability for unpaid purchase money.	Ditto ...	The time fixed for completing the sale, or (where the title is accepted after the time fixed for completion), the date of the acceptance.
112.—For a call by a company registered under any law in force.	Ditto ...	When the call is payable.
113.—For specific performance of a contract.	Ditto ...	The date fixed for the performance, or, if no such date is fixed, when the plaintiff has notice that performance is refused.
114.—For the rescission of a contract.	Ditto ...	When the facts entitling the plaintiff to have the contract rescinded first become known to him.
115.—For compensation for the breach of any contract, express or implied, not in writing registered and not herein specially provided for.	Ditto ...	When the contract is broken, or (where there are successive breaches) when the breach in respect of which the suit is instituted occurs, or (where the breach is continuing) when it ceases.
	Part VII.—*Six years.*	
116.—For compensation for the breach of a contract in writing registered.	Six years ...	When the period of limitation would begin to run against a suit brought on a similar contract not registered.
117.—Upon a foreign judgment as defined in the Code of Civil Procedure.	Ditto ...	The date of the judgment.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE—*contd.*

First Division: Suits.

Description of suit	Period of limitation	Time from which period begins to run
	Part VII.—*Six years.*—concld.	
118.—To obtain a declaration that an alleged adoption is invalid, or never, in fact, took place.	Six years.	When the alleged adoption becomes known to the plaintiff.
119.—To obtain a declaration that an adoption is valid.	Ditto ...	When the rights of the adopted son, as such, are interfered with.
120.—Suit for which no period of limitation is provided elsewhere in this schedule.	Ditto ...	When the right to sue accrues.
	Part VIII.—*Twelve years.*	
121.—To avoid incumbrances or undertenures in an entire estate sold for arrears of Government revenue or in other saleable tenure sold for arrears of rent.	Twelve years.	When the sale becomes final and conclusive.
122.—Upon a recognisance.	Ditto ...	The date of the recognisance.
123.—For a legacy or for a share of a residue bequeathed by a testator, or for a distributive share of the property of an intestate.	Ditto ...	When the legacy or share becomes payable or deliverable.
124.—For possession of an hereditary office.	Ditto ...	When the defendant takes possession of the office adversely to the plaintiff. *Explanation.*—An hereditary office is possessed when the profits thereof are usually received, or (if there are no profits) when the duties thereof are usually performed.
125.—Suit during the life of a Hindu or Mahomedan female by a Hindu or Mahomedan who, if the female died at the date of instituting the suit, would be entitled to the possession of land, to have an alienation of such land made by the female declared to be void except for her life or until her re-marriage.	Ditto ...	The date of the alienation.
126.—By a Hindu governed by the law of the Mitakshara to set aside his father's alienation of ancestral property.	Ditto ...	When the alienee takes possession of the property.
127.—By a person excluded from joint family property, to enforce a right to share therein.	Ditto ...	When the exclusion becomes known to the plaintiff.
128.—By a Hindu for arrears of maintenance.	Ditto ...	When the arrears are payable.
129.—By a Hindu for a declaration of his right to maintenance.	Ditto ...	When the right is denied.
130.—For the resumption of assessment of rent-free land.	Ditto ...	When the right to resume or assess the land first accrues.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE—*contd.*

First Division : Suits.

Description of suit	Period of limitation	Time from which period begins to run
	Part VIII.—*Twelve years*—contd.	
131.—To establish a periodically recurring right.	Twelve years	When the plaintiff is first refused the enjoyment of the right.
132.—To enforce payment of money charged upon immovable property.	Ditto ...	When the money sued for becomes due.
133.—To recover movable property conveyed or bequeathed in trust, deposited or pawned, and afterwards bought from the trustee, depositary or pawnee for a valuable consideration.	Ditto ...	The date of the purchase.
134.—To recover possession of immovable property conveyed or bequeathed in trust or mortgaged and afterwards transferred by the trustee or mortgagee for a valuable consideration.	Ditto ...	The date of the transfer.
135.—Suit instituted by a mortgagee for possession of immovable property mortgaged.	Ditto ...	When the mortgagor's right to possession determines.
136.—By a purchaser at a private sale for possession of immovable property sold when the vendor was out of possession at the date of the sale.	Ditto ...	When the vendor is first entitled to possession.
137.—Like suit by a purchaser at a sale in execution of a decree, when the judgment-debtor was out of possession at the date of the sale.	Ditto ...	When the judgment-debtor is first entitled to possession.
138.—Like suit by a purchaser at a sale in execution of a decree, when the judgment-debtor was in possession at the date of the sale.	Ditto ...	The date when the sale becomes absolute.
139.—By a landlord to recover possession from a tenant.	Ditto ...	When the tenancy is determined.
140.—By a remainderman, a reversioner (other than a landlord) or a devisee, for possession of immovable property.	Ditto ...	When his estate falls into possession.
141.—Like suit by a Hindu or Mahomedan entitled to the possession of immovable property on the death of a Hindu or Mahomedan female.	Ditto ...	When the female dies.
142.—For possession of immovable property when the plaintiff, while in possession of the property, has been dispossessed or has discontinued the possession.	Ditto ...	The date of the dispossession or discontinuance.
143.—Like suit, when the plaintiff has become entitled by reason of any forfeiture or breach of condition.	Ditto ...	When the forfeiture is incurred or the condition is broken.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE—*concld.*

First Division: Suits.

Description of suit	Period of limitation	Time from which period begins to run
	Part VIII.—*Twelve years*—concld.	
144.—For possession of immovable property or any interest therein not hereby otherwise specially provided for.	Twelve years.	When the possession of the defendant becomes adverse to the plaintiff.
	Part IX.—*Thirty years.*	
145.—Against a depositary or pawnee to recover movable property deposited or pawned.	Thirty years.	The date of the deposit or pawn.
146A.—By or on behalf of any local authority for possession of any public street or road or any part thereof from which it has been dispossessed or of which it has discontinued the possession.	Ditto ...	The date of the dispossession or discontinuance.
	Part X.—*Sixty years.*	
147.—By a mortgagee for foreclosure or sale.	Sixty years...	When the money secured by the mortgage becomes due.
148.—Against a mortgagee to redeem or to recover possession of immovable property mortgaged.	Ditto ...	When the right to redeem or to recover possession accrues.
149.—Any suit by or on behalf of the Government of Mysore.	Ditto ...	When the period of limitation would begin to run under this Regulation against a like suit by a private person.

Second Division: Appeals.

Description of appeal	Period of limitation	Time from which period begins to run
150.—Under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904, from a sentence of death passed by a Court of Session.	Seven days.	The date of the sentence.
151.—From a decree or order of the Chief Court in the exercise of its original jurisdiction.	Twenty days.	The date of the decree or order.
152.—Under the Code of Civil Procedure to the Court of a District Judge, or a Subordinate Judge.	Thirty days.	The date of the decree or order appealed from.
154.—Under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904, to any Court other than the Chief Court.	Ditto ...	The date of the sentence or order appealed from.
155.—Under the same Code, to the Chief Court, except in the cases provided for by article 150 and article 157.	Sixty days.	Ditto ...
156.—Under the Code of Civil Procedure to the Chief Court except in cases provided for by article 151.	Ninety days.	The date of the decree or order appealed from.
157.—Under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904, from an order of acquittal.	Six months.	The date of the order appealed from.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE—*contd.*

Third Division: Applications.

Description of application	Period of limitation	Time from which period begins to run
158.—Under the Code of Civil Procedure to set aside an award.	Ten days ...	When the award is submitted to the Court.
159.—For leave to appear and defend a suit under the summary procedure referred to in Section 128 (2) (f) of the same Code.	Ditto ...	When the summons is served.
160.—For an order under the same Code, to restore to the file an application for review rejected in consequence of the failure of the applicant to appear when the application was called on for hearing.	Fifteen days.	When the application for review is rejected.
161.—For a review of judgment by a Court of Small Causes or by a Court invested with the jurisdiction of a Court of Small Causes when exercising that jurisdiction.	Ditto ...	The date of the decree or order.
162.—For a review of judgment by the Chief Court in the exercise of its original jurisdiction.	Twenty days.	Ditto ...
163.—By a plaintiff, for an order to set aside a dismissal for default of appearance or for failure to pay costs of service of process or to furnish security for costs.	Thirty days.	The date of the dismissal.
164.—By a defendant, for an order to set aside a decree passed *ex parte*.	Ditto ...	The date of the decree or where the summons was not duly served, when the applicant has knowledge of the decree.
165.—Under the Code of Civil Procedure by a person dispossessed of immovable property, and disputing the right of the decree holder or purchaser at a sale in execution of a decree to be put into possession.	Ditto ...	The date of the dispossession.
166.—Under the same Code to set aside a sale in execution of a decree on the ground of irregularity in publishing or conducting the sale or on the ground that the decree-holder has purchased without the permission of the court or on the ground that the person whose interest in the property purported to be sold had no saleable interest therein.	Ditto ...	The date of the sale.
167.—Complaining of resistance or obstruction to delivery of possession of immovable property decreed or sold in execution of a decree.	Ditto ...	The date of the resistance or obstruction.
168.—For the re-admission of an appeal dismissed for want of prosecution.	Ditto ...	The date of the dismissal.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE—*contd.*

Third Division: Applications.

Description of application	Period of limitation	Time from which period begins to run.
169.—For the re-hearing of an appeal heard *ex parte*.	Thirty days.	The date of the decree in appeal or, where notice of the appeal was not duly served, when the applicant has knowledge of the decree.
170.—For leave to appeal as a pauper.	Ditto ...	The date of the decree appealed from.
171.—Under the Code of Civil Procedure, for an order to set aside an abatement.	Sixty days...	The date of the abatement.
172.—Under the same Code by the assignee or the receiver of an insolvent, plaintiff or appellant for an order to set aside the dismissal of a suit or an appeal.	Ditto ...	The date of the order of dismissal.
173.—For a review of judgment except in the cases provided for by article 161 and article 162.	Ninety days.	The date of the decree or order.
174.—For the issue of a notice under the same Code, to show cause why any payment made out of Court of any money payable under a decree or any adjustment of the decree should not be recorded as certified when a process in execution of the judgment has been executed upon the applicant within one year of such payment or adjustment.	Ditto ...	From the date of executing such process.
175.—For payment of the amount of a decree by instalments.	Six months.	The date of the decree.
176.—Under the same Code to have the legal representative of a deceased plaintiff or of a deceased appellant made a party.	Ditto ...	The date of the death of the deceased plaintiff or appellant.
177.—Under the same Code to have the legal representative of a deceased defendant or of a deceased respondent made a party.	Ditto ...	The date of the death of the deceased defendant or respondent.
178.—Under the same Code for the filing in Court of an award in a suit made in any matter referred to arbitration by order of the Court, or of an award made in any matter referred to arbitration without the intervention of a Court.	Ditto ...	The date of the award.
178A.—For the issue of a notice under the Code of Civil Procedure to show cause why any payment made out of Court of any money payable under a decree or an adjustment of a decree should not be recorded as certified in cases other than those provided for in article 174.	One year ...	When the payment or adjustment is made.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE.—*contd.*

Third Division : Applications.

Description of application	Period of limitation	Time from which period begins to run
180.—By a purchaser of immovable property at a sale in execution of a decree for delivery of possession.	Three years.	When the sale becomes absolute.
181.—Applications for which no period of limitation is provided elsewhere in this schedule or by Section 48 of the Code of Civil Procedure.	Ditto ...	When the right to apply accrues.
182.—For the execution of a decree or order of any Civil Court not provided for by Section 48 of the Code of Civil Procedure.	Three years; or, where a certified copy of the decree or order has been registered, six years.	1. The date of the decree or order, or 2. (where there has been an appeal) the date of the final decree or order of the Appellate Court, or the withdrawal of the appeal, or 3. (where there has been a review of judgment) the date of the decision passed on the review, or 4. (where the decree has been amended) the date of amendment, or 5. (where the application next hereinafter mentioned has been made) the date of applying in accordance with law to the proper Court for execution or to take some step in aid of execution of the decree or order, or 6. (where the notice next hereinafter mentioned has been issued) the date of issue of notice to the person against whom execution is applied for to show cause why the decree should not be executed against him, when the issue of such a notice is required by the Code of Civil Procedure, or 7. (where the application is to enforce any payment which the decree or order directs to be made at a certain date) such date. *Explanation I.*—Where the decree or order has been passed severally in favour of more persons than one, distinguishing portions of the subject matter as payable or deliverable to each, the application mentioned in clause 5 of this article shall take effect in favour only of such of the said persons or their representatives as it may be made by. But, where the decree or order has been passed jointly in favour of more persons than one, such application, if

THE FIRST SCHEDULE—*concld.*

Third Division:-Applications.

Description of application	Period of limitation	Time from which period begins to run
		made by any one or more of them, or by his or their representatives, shall take effect in favour of them all. Where the decree or order has been passed severally against more persons than one, distinguishing portions of the subject-matter as payable or deliverable by each, the application shall take effect against only such of the said persons or their representatives as it may be made against. But, where the decree or order has been passed jointly against more persons than one, the application, if made against any one or more of them, or against his or their representatives, shall take effect against them all. *Explanation II.*—"Proper Court" means the Court whose duty it is to execute the decree or order.

THE SECOND SCHEDULE.

ENACTMENTS REPEALED.

(*See Section 31.*)

Year	Number	Short title	Extent of repeal
1877	XV	The Indian Limitation Act, 1877, as applied to Mysore by the Government of India Notification, Foreign Department, Judicial No. 174 J., dated the 26th October 1877.	The whole
1879	XII	The Registration and Limitation Acts Amendment Act, 1879, as applied to Mysore by the Government of India Notification No. 320, dated 19th November 1879.	The whole of Section 108.
1896	III	The Indian Limitation Act Amendment Regulation.	The whole.

T. ANANDA ROW,

Dewan.